

## THE DAILY NEWS.

BIORDEN, DAWSON &amp; CO.,

PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE No. 149 EAST BAY.

TERMS.—Daily News, one year, \$5.00  
 Daily News, six months, 3.00  
 Daily News, three months, 2.00  
 The Weekly News, one year, 3.00  
 The Weekly News, six months, 2.00  
 Payment invariably in advance. No paper sent unless the cash accompanies the order, or for a longer time than paid for.

THE DAILY NEWS will be served to subscribers in the city at 15 cents per week.  
 ADVERTISEMENTS.—First insertion, 15 cents a line; subsequent insertions, 10 cents a line. Business Notices, 25 cents a line. Marriage and Funeral Notices, One Dollar each.

## NEWS SUMMARY.

—Gold closed in New York yesterday at 391.  
 —Cotton in New York yesterday was quiet and unchanged. Sales 1700 bales.  
 —Cotton closed in Liverpool yesterday evening dull. Uplands 11½d; Orleans 12½d. Sales 10,000 bales.  
 —Flattering accounts of promising crops come from all parts of the South.  
 —New York, in dire dread, is getting ready for the grand "moving" day—May 1.  
 —The emigration from Ireland to this country will be very large this year.  
 —The North German army, it is said, now numbers six hundred thousand effective soldiers.

—According to the latest fashion reports, young ladies are to wear bows on their elbows next season.

—A West Texas millionaire farmer has fenced in a pasture of one hundred and thirty thousand acres.

—During the last six months three hundred and fifty thousand bushels of peanuts were shipped from Norfolk, Virginia.

—California is said to be the greatest wine growing country in the world, producing more grape juice to the acre than even Italy.

—Chinese laborers are employed to a considerable extent in some of the parishes of Louisiana, and give very good satisfaction.

—The Boston Post says: "A number of disappointed office-seekers have left Washington for Madrid to offer themselves for the Spanish throne."

—Another packet ship cruelty case has arisen in New York. The crew of the ship Richard Robinson, just arrived from Liverpool, complain of ill-treatment by their officers.

—The 17th of May has been fixed as the date for the meeting of the Old and New School General Assemblies of the Presbyterian Church in New York, when the question of reunion will be finally settled. Both Northern churches.

—In Berlin the idea prevails that the probability of war between France and Prussia depends upon the approaching elections in the former country. If favorable to the country party will continue; if contrary, a rupture will immediately follow.

—The State of Maryland has appropriated \$50,000, and the City of Baltimore \$25,000, to which the citizens of Baltimore will add \$50,000 by private subscription, to be expended in the purchase of a new city.

—The great aquarium in Berlin will soon be completed. Eight thousand living varieties of fish, lobsters, crabs, starfish, and other forms of marine life, have been collected, and are awaiting removal to the crystal palace which has been built for them.

—Mr. Richotte, of Marseilles, with six French laborers, has gone to plant an olive grove in Louisiana. He carries the seed, and also cuttings hermetically sealed in metal cans. The experiment was once tried in Alabama under the countenance of Congress, but without success.

—There is a young lady velocipodist in Boston who, while riding, picks up two chairs, one in each hand, and carries them around the room; makes eight and curves without use of hands; makes the circuit of the room without use of hands or feet; stands on one foot on the saddle, and performs the feat of passing a hoop over the head, and a hoop to get through it while riding.

—The money article in the New York Herald of Monday, after noticing a speculative tendency in the stock market, adds: "Southern securities were likewise subjected to a renewal of the speculative fever, while the investment demand was occasioning a strong and buoyant market. Alabama eighth was quoted a fraction over par—the first Southern bond to give so decided a proof of Southern recuperation."

—Recently, in Belgium, the director of a circus, while performing the part of a wild beast tamer, was killed by a lioness. The regular lion tamer being ill, the circus director was so rash as to assume his duties, and having entered the cage succeeded for a time in making the lions go through the performances. Towards the close, when giving the animals rest, the director lost courage, and instead of keeping a firm eye on the beasts, as tammers are obliged to do, he trembled and made for the door of the cage. This movement was fatal. A large lioness was the first to pounce upon him, and in a few minutes the unfortunate man was torn to pieces.

—A very deep interest is felt in the result of the trial of Mummer, the spirit photographer, in New York. The testimony taken thus far goes to show the genuineness of the pictures and to entirely exculpate the defendant from the charge of fraud. Wm. W. Silver, a photographer of six years' standing, testified on Friday that Mummer came to his gallery in November last, and that at that time he (Silver) did not believe in the spirit photography. "I sat to him, as a skeptic, to see what he could do; he used my apparatus and materials, and there came on the plate a form which I recognized as that of my mother. Mummer had had no chance to make any preparation; have since frequently watched his processes without detecting any trick; spirit pictures have been produced when I performed all the manipulations, except that Mummer removed the cloth from the camera; have seen them produced once when he did not touch the camera at all; we were trying some collodion, and he walked away from the camera after taking off the cloth; solemnly swear there was no collusion between us; I developed the plate myself and the spirit picture came. I believe that these spirit photographs are produced by spirits by supernatural means." A large number of witnesses substantiated Mr. Silver's testimony, asserting that they had received likenesses of their deceased relatives and friends.

—The Tribune says the Cuban movement in New York is really the head and front of the revolution against Spain. Few persons imagine the real strength of the cause, the large numbers of men that are associated with it, and the almost unlimited supply of money that is at their command. Those who have fancied that the patriotic "Jun'as," so often mentioned in the newspapers, are chiefly engaged in holding public meetings, raising funds by ladies' fairs and grand concerts to endow hospitals for the wounded, will before many days be startled by the revelations of the strength and proportions of the movement, and the actual terrible work of war which the Cuban exiles have been quietly, but effectively, conducting. Millions of dollars have been subscribed and expended in purchasing arms, equipments and stores. At least 20,000 men stand of arms and equipments have already been forwarded to safe destinations on the Cuban coast, and councils of war are nightly held. Many prominent ex-army and naval officers of the volunteer service have linked their fortunes with the Cubans, and their presence in the councils serves as a check to keep the hot-blooded Cuban patriots within discreet bounds until the proper moment shall arrive when all their force and energy will be needed to insure the success of their long cherished designs. A considerable number of volunteers have been deemed sufficiently skilled to be sent to the seat of war, and late on Thursday night last a company of sixty men and their officers were put on board a tugboat, carried to a point near Sandy Hook, and there embarked on board a sailing vessel for Cuba. This is not a sensation item, but a fact. Two weeks ago a large steamer was dispatched in ballast. She touched at a point near Cape May, and there took on board arms, equipments and stores, beside men, all forwarded from Philadelphia. Munitions and men are also collecting at Boston and several Southern cities. The Tribune adds that several well known ex-army officers and Cubans left New York Friday evening for Boston, whence it is expected the next party will sail.

## CHARLESTON.

THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 29, 1869.

## The Agricultural Convention.

The State Agricultural Convention which assembled yesterday in Columbia is, as will be seen by our full telegraphic report, a body composed of influential and representative men from every portion of the State. They have gone to work with an alacrity and zeal that promises the best results. In addition to the topics that have been already suggested for the consideration of the Convention, our Winnebago namesake suggests the following:

1st. A new fence law, compelling the owners of stock to fence them in, is very much needed, and of all measures of assistance that government could adopt, it would help our people most, and add millions of money, both saved and made, to our resources.

2d. Some practical plan, backed by sufficient money, of introducing improved stock, and testing new varieties of seeds and fruits, should be adopted.

3d. Special attention should be given to the consideration of Rame, and encouragement, in the way of premiums, &c., given to experiments with it, both because it can be gathered by machinery and promises to add an unexpected value to our worn-out lands, and because it can be gathered and sold four times a year, which will give our trade a perpetual life and vigor, by pouring into our country an unintermitted stream of wealth.

Our contemporary considers these points even more worthy of the attention of the Convention than the labor question, which it thinks will be settled by time.

## Cheap Paper.

Among the branches of manufacturing industry for which the Southern States have marked and peculiar natural advantages, the business of paper making begins to loom up into conspicuous prominence. Already, in spite of the high rates of freight against which they must contend, it is notorious that some of the Southern paper mills can undersell in the New York market all competitors offering an article of the same quality. And, as the consumption of paper steadily increases, year by year, it is not likely that the facilities which the South possesses for its manufacture will lack anything that energy or capital can give to develop them to the utmost.

There are a multitude of Southern plants that afford excellent fibrous material for pulp; but none seems to be attracting so much attention just now as the okra stalk. An Alabama manufacturing company has for some time been engaged in experimenting in its use, and with eminently satisfactory results. It is claimed that the okra can be bleached to any required degree of whiteness; that the cost of reducing it to "half-stuff" and pulp will not, on a considerable scale, be greater than the cost of converting rags into pulp; and that the okra paper is as soft as rag paper, and almost as made from pure linen—thus combining in one material a great desideratum in paper making—flexibility and strength. The paper made of cotton rags requires an admixture of hemp or other material of strong fibre to give it the requisite strength; but the okra may be used either as "hard stock" to give strength to any other material, or by itself alone. It will work well in combination in any desired proportion with any other stock, or it may be made to alternate with rags, as the circumstances or exigencies of a mill may at any time demand.

It would seem, then, that the only point remaining for inquiry is the cost of okra stalks in comparison with that of other paper stock. This, of course, cannot be fully determined without further experiment. It may be taken for granted, however, that okra can be grown on a large scale very cheaply, and that it can be made to pay a handsome profit to the producer, and yet be sold to the manufacturer at a price so low as to enable him to reduce the cost of the manufactured article to consumers, and "take the market" even from the manufacturers of straw and wood paper. The okra plant is indigenous to the South, and with a soil moderately fertile will grow luxuriantly. It requires little skill to cultivate it. The fruit is a valuable and increasingly popular article of diet, and if produced in too large quantities for the table it will be found an excellent article of food for cattle and hogs. The seed is valuable, and will at all times command a ready sale at good prices. It is estimated that the seed product will be ample to pay the entire expense of cultivating the plant. We trust that every Southern paper mill will give the new material a speedy and thorough trial, and that our contemporaries of the press, who are so deeply interested, will give the subject their earnest attention.

## New Orleans Journal of Medicine.

We have received the April number of this excellent journal, and find it filled, as usual, with varied and interesting matter, original and selected. Among the editors we recognize Drs. Samuel Logan and Wm. Hutton Ford, late of Charleston, and among the contributors in the present number, Dr. R. Fraser Michel, of Montgomery, Ala., also one of our former townsmen. Dr. Joseph Jones, formerly of Georgia, now Professor of Chemistry, in the University of Louisiana, continues his observations on Hospital Gangrene, as it manifested itself in the Confederate armies. This paper was originally prepared by Dr. Jones, at Andersonville, by order of the Confederate Surgeon-General, Dr. S. P. Moore, and gives proof of great and laborious research. Dr. Jones came near losing his life in pursuing these investigations, for weeks, in a most pestiferous atmosphere. A very interesting letter is published in this number from Dr. F. M. Peterson, an intelligent and experienced practitioner, sojourning for a period in New York. He gives an epitome of the latest novelties in the practice of medicine; some of which, to say the least, are very surprising to the uninitiated layman. If we had not the fear of the profession before our eyes, we should be tempted to quote from this letter, and show how the New York doctors discard all medicine in treating pneumonia. "The only remedy," says the letter, "used is an oil silk jacket, over the whole chest, anteriorly and posteriorly—applied to the surface of the body," &c., &c. The same letter also informs us that Dr. John W. Draper and his two sons, John C. and Henry Draper, (all three professors in the New York University Medical College), have discovered that the vital principle is a mere myth, that every phenomenon, heretofore accounted for by vital action, secretion, excretion, circulation, is now referred to chemical action. Professor J. W. Draper, it is said, proposes shortly to produce milk direct from grass or clover, and thus dispense with cows!

By order of the President,  
 CHARLES J. RICHARDSON,  
 Secretary W. F. Co.

STONEWALL FIRE ENGINE COMPANY.

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED TO APPEAR at the Engine House, in full uniform (black pants), to each your guests, the Winth Fire Company, to the Georgetown steamer.

By order,  
 WM. G. MILLER,  
 Secretary S. F. E. Co.

## Meetings.

U. O. F.—HOWARD LODGE, No. 3.  
 THE REGULAR MEETING OF THIS LODGE will be held THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock precisely.

Candidates for Degrees will please be punctual.  
 April 29, at 8 o'clock.  
 E. L. TERRY, Secretary.

WASHINGTON STEAM FIRE ENGINE COMPANY.

Candidates for Degrees will please be punctual.  
 April 29, at 8 o'clock.  
 E. L. TERRY, Secretary.

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED TO APPEAR at the Engine House, in full uniform (black pants), to each your guests, the Winth Fire Company, to the Georgetown steamer.

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 Secretary S. F. E. Co.

## Notices in Bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA.—IN THE MATTER OF RICHARD B. CARPENTER, BANKRUPT, BY WHOM A PETITION FOR ADJUDICATION OF BANKRUPTCY WAS FILED ON THE 21ST DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1868, IN SAID COURT.—IN BANKRUPTCY.—This is to give notice that on the TWENTY-NINTH DAY OF APRIL, A. D. 1869, a Warrant of Arrest was issued against the Estate of RICHARD B. CARPENTER, of Charleston, in the County of Charleston, and State of South Carolina, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, to the effect that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his Estate, will be held at the Federal Court-house in Charleston, S. C., on the TWENTY-NINTH DAY OF MAY, 1869, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and that all Creditors, &c., of said bankrupt, appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

By order of the Court, the 19th day of April, 1869.  
 Clerk of the District Court of the U. S. for S. C.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA.—IN THE MATTER OF WILLIAM H. C. BERT, OF BEAUFORT COUNTY, BANKRUPT.—PETITION FOR FULL AND FINAL DISCHARGE IN BANKRUPTCY.—Ordered, that a hearing be had on the TWENTY-NINTH DAY OF MAY, 1869, at the Federal Court-house in Charleston, S. C., and that all Creditors, &c., of said bankrupt, appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

By order of the Court, the 19th day of April, 1869.  
 Clerk of the District Court of the United States for South Carolina.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA.—IN THE MATTER OF DAVID RIEKER, OF CHARLESTON, S. C., BANKRUPT.—PETITION FOR FULL AND FINAL DISCHARGE IN BANKRUPTCY.—Ordered, that a hearing be had on the TWENTY-NINTH DAY OF MAY, 1869, at the Federal Court-house in Charleston, S. C., and that all Creditors, &c., of said bankrupt, appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

By order of the Court, the 21st day of April, 1869.  
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IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA.—IN THE MATTER OF ROBERT M. MILES, OF CHARLESTON, S. C., BANKRUPT.—PETITION FOR FULL AND FINAL DISCHARGE IN BANKRUPTCY.—Ordered, that a hearing be had on the TWENTY-NINTH DAY OF MAY, 1869, at the Federal Court-house in Charleston, S. C., and that all Creditors, &c., of said bankrupt, appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

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## Amusements.

WASHINGTON LIGHT INFANTRY  
 CHARITABLE ASSOCIATION FAIR,  
 In aid of the  
 CHARITY FUND AND TO ERECT A MONUMENT  
 TO THEIR DEAD.

Will open on Monday, May 3d, at 7 P. M.,  
 IN HIBERNIAN HALL,  
 AND CONTINUE DURING THE WEEK.

Senior Managers.

Hon W D PORTER  
 Hon G BRYAN  
 Hon H D LEBLANC  
 Hon A W BARTON, Esq.  
 Hon G TRENHOLM  
 Hon W Aiken  
 Hon J A CAMPBELL  
 Hon C SIMONIN  
 Hon JAMES MONROE  
 Hon JOHNSON HAGOOD  
 Gen T M LOGAN  
 Gen M W GARY  
 Gen J R WAGNER  
 Gen JAMES SIMONS  
 Gen W DRAUS-DUMORE  
 Col C MCKINSTRY  
 Col B RUTLEDGE  
 Col G HALLIDAY  
 Col W TRESHOLM  
 Col J MCKINSTRY  
 Col ZIMMERMAN DAVIS  
 Col T SIMONS  
 Col J BAYCE  
 Major TEO G BARRETT  
 Capt SAM L Y KELLER  
 Capt JAMES MONROE  
 Capt W Aiken KELLY  
 Capt G HORSEY  
 Capt GEORGE TUBER  
 Capt JACOB WALL  
 Capt E HALSEY  
 Capt SAM L LORR, Jr.  
 Capt A W BARTON, Esq.  
 Capt GEORGE WALKER  
 Capt JAMES MONROE  
 E H LOCK, Esq.  
 F C BULLOCK, Esq.  
 J M HAYES, Esq.  
 A B TAFT, Esq.  
 F LANEAU, Esq.  
 J M HAYES, Esq.  
 G W KING, Esq.  
 D P CALDWELL, Esq.  
 J M HAYES, Esq.  
 D H SLOAN, Esq.  
 S OWENS, Esq.  
 F B HERIOT, Esq.  
 R YOUNG, Esq.  
 C CALDWELL, Esq.  
 JOHN A BLUM, Esq.  
 J M HAYES, Esq.  
 F L HAYES, Esq.  
 R D EVELLY, Esq.  
 J M HAYES, Esq.  
 F WICKENBRO, Esq.  
 J T LOUIS, Esq.  
 J M HAYES, Esq.  
 W T WHITE, Esq.  
 C T MITCHELL, Esq.  
 J M HAYES, Esq.  
 G W MINOR, Esq.  
 M W T AMAND, Esq.  
 E SEBRING, Esq.  
 J M HAYES, Esq.

By order of the President,  
 CHARLES J. RICHARDSON,  
 Secretary W. F. Co.

STONEWALL FIRE ENGINE COMPANY.

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED TO APPEAR at the Engine House, in full uniform (black pants), to each your guests, the Winth Fire Company, to the Georgetown steamer.

By order,  
 WM. G. MILLER,  
 Secretary S. F. E. Co.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA.—IN THE MATTER OF RICHARD B. CARPENTER, BANKRUPT, BY WHOM A PETITION FOR ADJUDICATION OF BANKRUPTCY WAS FILED ON THE 21ST DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1868, IN SAID COURT.—IN BANKRUPTCY.—This is to give notice that on the TWENTY-NINTH DAY OF APRIL, A. D. 1869, a Warrant of Arrest was issued against the Estate of RICHARD B. CARPENTER, of Charleston, in the County of Charleston, and State of South Carolina, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, to the effect that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his Estate, will be held at the Federal Court-house in Charleston, S. C., on the TWENTY-NINTH DAY OF MAY, 1869, at 1